

Table. Estimate of Federal Funding at Risk from Medicaid and Four
Child Care Programs* Due to a Possible Black Undercount in 2020 by State

Texas	-\$169,700,000
Florida	-\$133,900,000
Pennsylvania	-\$103,000,000
Georgia	-\$97,400,000
North Carolina	-\$91,100,000
Louisiana	-\$85,600,000
Ohio	-\$72,700,000
Illinois	-\$70,800,000
Michigan	-\$54,700,000
Tennessee	-\$51,600,000
Mississippi	-\$47,800,000
South Carolina	-\$45,500,000
Alabama	-\$41,100,000
Missouri	-\$37,300,000



Indiana	-\$24,600,000
Wisconsin	-\$20,800,000
Arkansas	-\$17,300,000
Kentucky	-\$14,300,000
Delaware	-\$14,100,000
Oklahoma	-\$13,400,000
Arizona	-\$12,600,000
Colorado	-\$12,500,000
Nevada	-\$7,300,000
Kansas	-\$7,200,000
Iowa	-\$5,800,000
Nebraska	-\$4,000,000
Oregon	-\$4,000,000
West Virginia	-\$3,000,000



New Mexico	-\$2,200,000
Hawaii	-\$1,300,000
Maine	-\$1,300,000
South Dakota	-\$1,000,000
Utah	-\$900,000
Vermont	-\$700,000
Washington	-\$500,000
Idaho	-\$400,000
Montana	-\$200,000
New York**	\$0
California**	\$0
Maryland**	\$0
Virginia**	\$0
New Jersey**	\$0



Massachusetts**	\$0
Connecticut**	\$0
Minnesota**	\$0
District of Columbia**	\$0
Rhode Island**	\$0
North Dakota**	\$0
Alaska**	\$0
New Hampshire**	\$0
Wyoming**	\$0



*** State Children's Health Insurance Program, Title IV-E Foster Care, Title IV-E Adoption Assistance, and Child Care and Development Fund Matching Funds**

**** States with a relatively high per capita income or the District of Columbia which has a fixed Medicaid reimbursement rate would not be affected by a Black undercount in these five specific programs, but they could be harmed via other programs.**

Source: Author's calculations based on Andrew Reamer, *Report #2: Estimating Fiscal Costs of a Census Undercount to States*, Counting for Dollars 2020: The Role of the Decennial Census in the Geographic Distribution of Federal Funds, GW Inst. of Pub. Pol'y (March 19, 2018); Diana Elliott et al., *Assessing Miscounts in the 2020 Census*, Urb. Inst. (June 11, 2019).

Methodology: The Diana Elliott/Urban Institute high-risk-scenario undercount percent was applied to the 2018 Black population count from the American Community Survey. This yielded an estimate of the number of uncounted Black individuals. These missing Black people were distributed proportionally among the states. Andrew Reamer's per person FMAP fiscal loss estimates was then multiplied by the state estimate of uncounted Black people. The final number is rounded. Note that these “at-risk” dollars calculated for each state assume that all the other states are not experiencing undercounts.

